

### Required Notices

#### **HIPAA Notice of Special Enrollment Rights**

If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing towards your or your dependents' other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after your or your dependents' other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage).

If you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

If you decline enrollment for yourself or for an eligible dependent (including your spouse) while Medicaid coverage or coverage under a state children's health insurance program is in effect, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage. However, you must request enrollment within 60 days after your or your dependents' coverage ends under Medicaid or a state children's health insurance program.

If you or your dependents (including your spouse) become eligible for a state premium assistance subsidy from Medicaid or through a state children's health insurance program with respect to coverage under this plan, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan. However, you must request enrollment within 60 days after your or your dependents' determination of eligibility for such assistance.

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, contact C.A.R.'s Benefit Administrator, RealCare Insurance Marketing, Inc. at (800) 939-8088.

#### **Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act**

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

#### Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act Enrollment Notice

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

- all stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
- prostheses; and
- treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema.

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan. Therefore, the deductibles and coinsurance outlined in your benefit summary will apply.

If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, contact your Human Resources Department or Benefits Administrator.

#### **Patient Protections Notice**

Kaiser Permanente and Anthem Blue Cross HMO plans generally require the designation of a primary care provider. You have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in the plan's network and who is available to accept you or your family members. Until you make this designation, Kaiser or Anthem designates one for you. For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider.

For information on how to select a primary care provider, and for a list of the participating primary care providers, contact the Kaiser or Anthem directly at the number on your ID card, or call RealCare at (800) 939-8088.

You do not need prior authorization from C.A.R. or from Kaiser or Anthem or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in the plan's network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the health plan at the number on your ID card or call RealCare at (800) 939-8088.

#### Your Rights and Protections Against Surprise Medical Bills

When you get emergency care or get treated by an out-of-network provider at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center, you are protected from surprise billing or balance billing.

#### What is "balance billing" (sometimes called "surprise billing")?

When you see a doctor or other health care provider, you may owe certain out-of-pocket costs, such as a copayment, coinsurance, and/or a deductible. You may have other costs or have to pay the entire bill if you see a provider or visit a health care facility that isn't in your health plan's network.

"Out-of-network" describes providers and facilities that haven't signed a contract with your health plan. Out-of-network providers may be permitted to bill you for the difference between what your plan agreed to pay and the full amount charged for a service. This is called "balance billing." This amount is likely more than in-network costs for the same service and might not count toward your annual out-of-pocket limit.

"Surprise billing" is an unexpected balance bill. This can happen when you can't control who is involved in your care—like when you have an emergency or when you schedule a visit at an in-network facility but are unexpectedly treated by an out-of-network provider.

#### You are protected from balance billing for:

#### **Emergency services**

If you have an emergency medical condition and get emergency services from an out-of-network provider or facility, the most the provider or facility may bill you is your plan's in-network cost-sharing amount (such as copayments and coinsurance). You **can't** be balance billed for these emergency services. This includes services you may get after you're in stable condition, unless you give written consent and give up your protections not to be balanced billed for these post-stabilization services.

#### Certain services at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center

When you get services from an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center, certain providers there may be out-of-network. In these cases, the most those providers may bill you is your plan's innetwork cost-sharing amount. This applies to emergency medicine, anesthesia, pathology, radiology, laboratory, neonatology, assistant surgeon, hospitalist, or intensivist services. These providers **can't** balance bill you and may **not** ask you to give up your protections not to be balance billed.

If you get other services at these in-network facilities, out-of-network providers **can't** balance bill you, unless you give written consent and give up your protections.

California anti-balance billing laws enacted by AB72 (Health and Safety Code Sections 1371.30, 1371.31, and 1371.9) prohibit plans and non-contracting providers from collecting more than the in-network cost share amount for covered services obtained at a contacted facility including hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers, laboratories, radiology or imaging centers.

You're <u>never</u> required to give up your protections from balance billing. You also aren't required to get care out-of-network. You can choose a provider or facility in your plan's network.

#### When balance billing isn't allowed, you also have the following protections:

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost (like the copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles that you would pay if the provider or facility was in-network).
   Your health plan will pay out-of-network providers and facilities directly.
- Your health plan generally must:
  - Cover emergency services without requiring you to get approval for services in advance (prior authorization).
  - Cover emergency services by out-of-network providers.
  - Base what you owe the provider or facility (cost-sharing) on what it would pay an in-network provider or facility and show that amount in your explanation of benefits.
  - Count any amount you pay for emergency services or out-of-network services toward your deductible and out-of-pocket limit.

**If you believe you've been wrongly billed**, you may contact the California Department of Managed Health Care at (888) 466-2219 or visit <a href="https://www.healthhelp.ca.gov">www.healthhelp.ca.gov</a> for assistance.

Visit http://www.cms.gov/nosurprises for more information about your rights under federal law.



### RealCare Insurance Marketing, Inc. Privacy Notice

FACTS	WHAT DOES REALCARE DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some, but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
What?	The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information may include:  • Social security number  • Income  • Credit Based Insurance Scores  • Insurance Claim History  • Medical Information  • Employment Information  When you are no longer our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.
How?	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons RealCare chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does RealCare share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes –		
such as to process your transactions, maintain	Yes	No
your account(s), respond to court orders and legal		
investigations, or report to credit bureaus		
For our marketing purposes –		
to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
For joint marketing with other financial		
companies	No	We Don't Share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes –		
information about your transactions and	No	We Don't Share
experiences		
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes –		
information about your creditworthiness	No	We Don't Share
For non-affiliates to market to you		
	No	We Don't Share

Questions?

Call (800) 939-8088 or email us at: rc-info@nfp.com

What we do		
How does RealCare protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.	
How does RealCare collect my personal information?	<ul> <li>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</li> <li>apply for insurance</li> <li>pay insurance premiums</li> <li>file an insurance claim</li> <li>provide employment information</li> <li>give us your contact information</li> </ul> We also collect your personal information from other companies.	
Why can't we limit all sharing?	<ul> <li>sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness</li> <li>affiliates from using your information to market to you</li> <li>sharing for non-affiliates to market to you</li> <li>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</li> </ul>	

Definitions			
Affiliates	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be		
	financial and nonfinancial companies.		
	RealCare does not share with our affiliates.		
Nonaffiliates	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be		
	financial and nonfinancial companies.		
	<ul> <li>RealCare does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</li> </ul>		
Joint Marketing	A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that		
	together market financial products or services to you.		
	RealCare does not jointly market.		



# Important Notice from the California Association of REALTORS® Group Medical Plan About

### **Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare**

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with the California Association of REALTORS® (C.A.R.) and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- 1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
- 2. Kaiser Permanente has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the C.A.R. for plans listed below is, on average for all plan participants, expected to payout as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.
  - Kaiser Platinum 90 HMO 0/10
  - Kaiser Platinum 90 HMO 0/20
  - Kaiser Platinum 90 HMO 250/30
  - Kaiser Gold 80 HMO 0/35
  - Kaiser Gold 80 HMO 250/35
  - Kaiser Gold 80 HMO 1000/40
  - Kaiser Gold 80 HDHP HMO 1750/15%

- Kaiser Gold 80 HRA HMO 2250/35
- Kaiser Silver 70 HMO 1900/65
- Kaiser Silver 70 HMO 2300/65
- Kaiser Silver 70 HMO 2500/55
- Kaiser Silver 70 HMO 2950/65
- Kaiser Silver 70 HDHP HMO 2850/25%
- Kaiser Bronze 60 HMO 5800/60
- Kaiser Bronze 60 HDHP HMO 6650/0

### When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15<sup>th</sup> to December 7<sup>th</sup>.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

# What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current C.A.R. coverage may be affected. You may continue coverage under the C.A.R. Kaiser plan and delay enrollment in Part D. If you elect Part D coverage your Kaiser Permanente plan will not coordinate with Part D coverage.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current C.A.R. Kaiser Permanente plan, be aware that you and your dependents **may** be able to get this coverage back if you disenroll from Medicare and you remain eligible for the C.A.R. Group Health Plans.

### When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with C.A.R. and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

# For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage...

Contact the person listed below for further information RealCare Insurance Marketing, Inc. at (800) 939-8088, Option 2. **NOTE:** You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through C.A.R. changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

# For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit <u>www.medicare.gov</u>
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at <a href="https://www.socialsecurity.gov">www.socialsecurity.gov</a>, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Date: January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025

Name of Entity/Sender: RealCare Insurance Marketing, Inc.

Contact Person/Office: C.A.R. Group Health Plan Administrator

Address: 548 Market St., PMB 91266, San Francisco, CA 94104

Phone: (800) 939-8088, Option 2